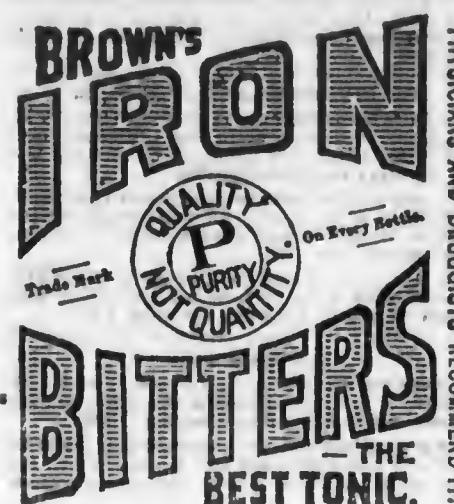


# DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

VOL. VI--NO. 279.

MAYSVILLE, KY., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1887.

PRICE ONE CENT.



## DEAD BUT NOT FORGOTTEN

### A SHAKESPEAREAN DRINKING FOUNTAIN UNVEILED IN ENGLAND.

A Magnificent Gift From George W. Childs to Stratford-on-Avon in Memory of Shakespeare—Oliver Wendell Holmes Contributes a Poem—The Ceremonies. STRATFORD-UPON-AVON, Oct. 18.—The memorable fountain to Shakespeare, presented by George W. Childs, of Philadelphia, was unveiled to-day in this city in the presence of an immense concourse of people. The whole city was in fest, and the greatest enthusiasm prevailed. The weather was pleasant, the sun shining brightly. The early trains from London and the surrounding country brought large numbers of people, among whom were many dramatists and men of letters. The citizens of the

SHAKESPEAREAN DRINKING FOUNTAIN. Shakespeare feels this is a magnificent gift—one long needed in that quiet village, and every effort was put forth to make it a memorable event, and their success was shown by the immense crowds of people who had gathered from all parts of England.

Dr. Macaulay, who represented Mr. Childs on this occasion, arrived shortly before noon. On the arrival of the doctor the guests who had been specially invited to the ceremonial formed in procession and marched to the town hall, where they were received by the mayor and the civil dignitaries. The procession was then reformed, with the addition of town officials, and marched to the "Childs memorial." Here an immense throng of people had already gathered.

The dedication speech was delivered by Henry Irving, who in the course of his remarks said: "I admire Mr. Childs' public spirit and energy; his generous deeds are widely known, and he is universally respected."

### A HIGH-TONED MINISTER.

He Says the Neighbors Are Not Fit Associates for His Family.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 18.—In the Tennessee Methodist conference at Gallatin Saturday, when the name of H. R. McNeill was called, his presiding elder, Rev. John F. Hughes, of the Shelbyville district, read some rather caustic correspondence between himself and Mr. McNeill. Mr. McNeill was appointed to the medium circuit, in Lincoln county. When he went to his appointment he found the parsonage unfit to live in and the people too rough for his family to associate with. He also stated that he was a man of more than ordinary ability and did not consider the pay enough. Besides this the work would demand his exposure to bad weather, which he could not do, and he refused most positively to serve.

In answer to Mr. McNeill's letter the presiding elder wrote a spicy letter, saying in substance: "I did not know you were a man of transcendent ability, nor a hot house plant that has to be cared for more tenderly than other preachers. A Methodist preacher should go to his work without such a show of bad spirit." This brought out a letter full of sarcastic advice to the presiding elder, and at the same time defying him and the conference. A very spirited letter to Bishop Hendry and the bishop's reply were also read.

Following this correspondence were some amusing and interesting speeches by Mr. Hughes and W. R. Peebles. The latter pleaded kindly and manfully for the clemency of the conference for Mr. McNeill. Presiding Elder Hughes said that he was favorably impressed with Mr. McNeill, but he had found that the young preacher had not the spirit of a son of the gospel. Repeated calls were made for Mr. McNeill to come before the conference, and make his statement of his case, but although he was in town he could not be found. A committee of five was appointed to take charge of the case and recommend suitable action.

DUBLIN, Oct. 18.—Messrs. William O'Brien and Thomas P. Gill, assisted by other National leaders, successfully conducted an immense meeting at Woodford Saturday night in spite of the fact that the meeting had been proclaimed. The meeting was called to order at midnight, and was undisturbed to the end. The promoters of the affair took the precaution to cut the telegraph wires, thus preventing communication with Dublin. The meeting did not end until 3 o'clock in the morning. The police, who had been baffled in their attempts to learn about the meeting and put a stop to it, appeared just as the meeting was concluded, too late to make any report of the affair.

### Prohibition in Maine.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 18.—Governor Bodwell, of Maine, who is visiting here, said: "I am trying to enforce prohibition in Maine; but it is the biggest job I ever undertook. The law is fairly well enforced in the rural districts, and receives the support of the community, but in the larger cities and towns it is impossible to enforce it, as the liquor men defy it, and in many instances the local authorities conspire with the violators and accept bribes from them. The general public in the state have no idea of the success of the violation of the law."

JOHN PRINTING OF every description neatly executed at the BULLETIN OFFICE.

## ANARCHIST PARSONS.

### No Either Wants to Be Freed or to Swing and Be a Martyr.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—Albert R. Parsons, the condemned Anarchist, has written an open letter to Governor Oglesby, in which he asks the governor to examine the records of the case and whether or not he (Parsons) should hang. If he is guilty he desires to die—not go to prison like a slave, as requested in numerous signed petitions; but if he is innocent, nothing but liberty will satisfy him. The records of Judge Gary's court, he claims, prove his innocence of the crime of murder, but there exists a conspiracy to judicially murder myself and companions in the name and by virtue of the authority of the state."

Parsons therefore protests in the name of the people whose liberty is being destroyed, as he terms it.

In closing he says: "I speak for myself. I know not what course others may pursue, but for myself I reject the petition for imprisonment. I am innocent, and I say to you that under no circumstances will I accept a commutation to imprisonment. In the name of the American people I demand right—my lawful, constitutional, natural, inalienable right to liberty. Respectfully yours,"

### CANADA OPPOSED TO UNION.

THE CANADIAN SECRETARY OF STATE SAYS IT IS A Futile Movement.

OTTAWA, Oct. 18.—Through one of its members, Hon. J. A. Chapleau, secretary of state, the government has at last defined its position in regard to the agitation now going on in connection with the commercial union movement. In the course of his remarks at a public banquet tendered him at Montreal on his return from France, Mr. Chapleau on behalf of the government said:

"Commercial union is an idea which can never prevail in Canada. It is impossible in its present premature state. It started in the brain of a gentleman who, having made a large fortune in the states, now seeks notoriety as the father of this movement. It could not succeed because it would destroy our Canadian industries and our Canadian nationality. It holds out delusive hopes to the agriculturist, and while I believe Canadians do not desire it, I feel satisfied Americans will not have it. There is nobody in the United States who would embrace the idea of commercial union unless they thought it meant political union as well. Such political union would wipe out forever all hopes and aspirations of the people for a Canadian nationality, and would deprive them of all the blessings they now enjoy."

### Hotel Burned at Lakewood.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Oct. 18.—At 6 o'clock this morning a telephone message from Lakewood, on Clautauqua Lake, announced that the Kent house, Lake View house, and many cottages on the lake were on fire, and requesting immediate assistance. The fire department drove five miles to the scene, and through its efforts the Lake View house and cottages were saved. The Kent house was entirely destroyed. The Lake View house and a dozen cottages were more or less damaged. The fire originated in the laundry of the Kent house by the overturning of a lamp in the hands of a domestic. In a few minutes the north wing was in flames. The servants had narrow escapes. The Kent house was built in 1874, at a cost of \$60,000, and was the finest on the lake. The total loss by fire, including damages to the cottages, will reach \$130,000. Upon the Kent house there was an insurance of \$86,000. The owners of the Kent house are undecided whether to rebuild or not.

### Impaled Alive.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 18.—Ernest Kindlemann, a coal heaver, employed by the Bee Line company at Brightwood, Sunday, while working on one of the "chutes," missed his footing and fell backward, in his descent striking the sharp point of a switch target, which entered his back near the right shoulder and passed almost through his body. The target had to be cut away before he could be relieved, and he was carried home in a dying condition. The injury is a frightful one.

### Looking for Trouble.

TAHLEQUAH, I. T., Oct. 18.—The famous Cherokee council met here this morning and the convocation of warring Indian chiefs was the most intensely exciting assembly held for several years. Josel Hayes was elected chief by 143 majority at the late pow-wow, but Robert Bunch, the opposition candidate, was counted in, it is said. It is feared that a fight will break out and tribal relations between the warring factions are practically at an end.

### Will Have a New City Building.

URBANA, O., Oct. 18.—About 10 o'clock Sunday fire broke out in the city building, and before it could be controlled had damaged so badly that a new one will have to be built. Five persons were confined in the station house and the fire coming so close to them they had to be turned out. All the city records were saved. The loss is supposed to be about \$3,000, with no insurance. The building is a disgrace to Urbana, and nobody regrets to see it go.

### New Temperance Move at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—Petitions were presented at the usual Monday morning meetings of a large number of the local churches for signature and presentation to the common council to-night, asking for the closing of saloons within one block of every church and school building in the city. Catholic and Episcopalian ministers alike had joined in this effort, and it is believed that favorable action will be taken by the mayor and common council.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 18.—It is announced that Mike Kelly, the famous base ball player, has signed a contract to appear with the McNeil, Johnson and Slavin minister party. He well act as [interlocutor], and his contract calls for his appearance after his return from California in January, 1888.

## AT TENNESSEE'S CAPITAL.

### NASHVILLE VISITED BY THE PRESIDENTIAL PARTY.

THE PRESIDENT AND MRS. CLEVELAND SPEND A QUIET SUNDAY AT BELLE MEADE.—A VISIT TO THE WIDOW OF PRESIDENT POLK.—THE RECEPTION AND SPEECH AT NASHVILLE.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 18.—The president and Mrs. Cleveland had a real rest yesterday at Belle Meade. They were delighted to get off in the woods in the glare of tall candles and without the usual yelling crowds. The scene was most weirdly unique. The trees were bright with Chinese lanterns. The grand old mansion, seen through the trees, was illuminated in every window, and the darkies who had gathered near the little depot, had built a bonfire to keep themselves warm and to see the president better.

Parsons therefore protests in the name of the people whose liberty is being destroyed, as he terms it.

In closing he says: "I speak for myself. I know not what course others may pursue, but for myself I reject the petition for imprisonment. I am innocent, and I say to you that under no circumstances will I accept a commutation to imprisonment. In the name of the American people I demand right—my lawful, constitutional, natural, inalienable right to liberty. Respectfully yours,"

CANADA OPPOSED TO UNION.

THE CANADIAN SECRETARY OF STATE SAYS IT IS A Futile Movement.

OTTAWA, Oct. 18.—Through one of its members, Hon. J. A. Chapleau, secretary of state, the government has at last defined its position in regard to the agitation now going on in connection with the commercial union movement. In the course of his remarks at a public banquet tendered him at Montreal on his return from France, Mr. Chapleau on behalf of the government said:

"Commercial union is an idea which can never prevail in Canada. It is impossible in its present premature state. It started in the brain of a gentleman who, having made a large fortune in the states, now seeks notoriety as the father of this movement. It could not succeed because it would destroy our Canadian industries and our Canadian nationality. It holds out delusive hopes to the agriculturist, and while I believe Canadians do not desire it, I feel satisfied Americans will not have it. There is nobody in the United States who would embrace the idea of commercial union unless they thought it meant political union as well. Such political union would wipe out forever all hopes and aspirations of the people for a Canadian nationality, and would deprive them of all the blessings they now enjoy."

After lunch at Judge Jackson's he was driven quietly to Mrs. Polk's. There was something very extraordinary in the meeting of Mrs. Polk and Mrs. Cleveland yesterday. The former's husband had been elected president in 1844, just forty years prior to Mr. Cleveland's election. This was seventeen years before the birth of the present lady of the White House. Between the ages of the two distinguished ladies there is a difference of sixty-two years, Mrs. Cleveland being twenty-three and Mrs. Polk eighty-five. The former naturally dwells more on the present and future, the latter on the past. Both seemed very much attached to each other, and the meeting certainly will never be forgotten by either. Bright, cultured and refined, a woman as Mrs. Cleveland could but feel sensibly the peculiar relation between herself and her new acquaintance.

After their departure Mrs. Polk expressed herself most enthusiastically of the president and his wife. She was very much pleased with the former—more so than had been expected. She had been led to believe him a rather formal business man. She was delighted with his conversational qualities, and much impressed by his courtesy and pleasant affability. He impressed her as a very strong and very sincere, determined man. Mrs. Cleveland's charming manner, pleasing dignity, gracefulness and beauty, Mrs. Polk complimented most highly, saying she no longer wondered at her success and popularity as mistress of the White House. The two ladies separated with a consciousness, no doubt, that the next meeting would be on the other side. The one to go to the honors of the White House, the other to the narrow, silent house, but they were equally happy.

The day broke bright and cheerful, but before the arrival of the president and Mrs. Cleveland in the city, heavy clouds had gathered in the heavens. The intervals of sunshine were sufficient, however, to warrant the announcement of continuance of Cleveland weather. Every train that arrived last night was crowded, and from dark until dawn the rumble of wagons, laden with people from the surrounding districts, disturbed the stillness of the night. Many who came in on the trains last night were unable to secure lodgings, not even a cot in the hotels or boarding houses, and frequent applications were made at private residences for the privilege of spending the night safely housed from the chilly air, while quite a number were forced to walk the streets.

The presidential special was run out to Belle Meade at an early hour this morning to bring the party into the city limits. Upon the arrival of the president and his companions at the West Side park, carriages were taken for a drive through the principal streets and finally to the east end of the capital.

The president and Mrs. Cleveland vociferously cheered over the entire route.

When the capital was reached brief speeches of welcome and presentations were made by Governor R. L. Taylor, Mayor Korchel and Chairman A. S. Colyer. The immense crowd surrounding the capital were very demonstrative during the delivery of the speeches, and applauded to the echo every allusion of the speakers to the president.

In reply to the eloquent words of welcome uttered by the above named gentlemen, President Cleveland spoke as follows:

"I regret that my stay to-day at the capital of Tennessee must be necessarily so brief as to curtail a coveted opportunity to see more at leisure, this handsome city and its hospitable people. Nashville's beautiful location, the fertility of its surrounding country and the wealth of its mineral resources in its immediate neighborhood gave early promise of its material growth and greatness. The variety and perfection of the agricultural product of your region, your extensive business, and your superior horses and live stock of every description demonstrate that your advantages have not been neglected, while your mineral riches, which are not yet fully developed, assure additional prosperity in the future. I do not propose to dwell upon the details of your present commanding position among the cities of the south. I only mention that the activity and enterprise of your people has placed Nashville among the largest centers of trade and merchandise south of the Ohio river, and in some departments near the head of all cities of the land. It happened that early in your municipal life, your citizens saw and appreciated the advantages of education, refinement and culture, and this, as your city grew, became en-

twined in its growth and spread abroad their branches until this is deservedly known as the Athens of the South.

"The number of your colleges and universities and the institutions of learning of every kind located in the midst of your activities, where all, white or black, may fit themselves for usefulness and the best citizenship, make secure your possession of the title you have earned. It is not an important fact that your city is the headquarters so to speak, of southern Methodism, the home of two of its bishops, and the place of the publication and distribution of its literature. Nashville and her vicinity has furnished two successful candidates for the presidency. To the grave of Andrew Jackson millions of your countrymen turn with reverent enthusiasm, and you are fortunate in numbering among your residents the loved and honored widow of our eleventh president. You have also furnished from your neighborhood, I think, five members of presidential cabinets, nine United States senators, two speakers of the house of representatives and one Justice of the United States supreme court. With such a history and with such examples the state of Tennessee and its capital have been brought into intimate relations with the operation of the federal government, and may well claim a large share in its glory and benevolent results. The influence of the sentiment engendered by these relations and traditions quickly won back the citizens of the state and city to their love for the Union after a sad interruption, and restored them to the brotherhood in which they had found a noble and honorable career. In the years to come I am sure nothing but continued and increasing growth and development await the people of Tennessee, constantly adding to the splendor and importance of her capital city."

At the conclusion of the president's speech, which was enthusiastically received, that gentleman was escorted to the lower hall of the capitol building, where he gave an hour's reception to the public. Of course not one half of the crowd were able to pass by him, and consequently there were many who were disappointed.

While the president was receiving the public at the capitol, Mrs. Cleveland, in charge of the ladies' committee, was receiving her friends and admirers at the Maxwell house.

### A Kentucky Murder.

WOODVILLE, Ky., Oct. 18.—A widow named Moore, aged about sixty years was murdered at her house near this place Saturday. She was living with her two grown sons, who had gone out into the field to work, and when they returned found their mother lying on the floor, face downward, with the back of her head beaten to a jelly. It was evident that the object of the murderer was robbery, as the house had been ransacked. There was a large sum of money in the house, but the murderers failed to find it.

### Tarred and Feathered.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 18.—About a year ago James Miller, aged forty years, a saloon keeper in the northern part of the state, so worked on the affections of Miss Thurman, aged fifteen years, as to induce her to sleep with him and be married. A few weeks ago the couple appeared at a Santa Cruz seaside resort, and he made an effort at different house of ill-fame to have her taken as an inmate, and thus support him. He succeeded, and the fact becoming known Friday, about midnight Friday night one hundred masked men overpowered Miller and took him to the outskirts of town, where he was stripped, given a coat of tar and feathers and ordered to leave the city within four hours. Everything was conducted quietly, and only the screaming wretch, as he sat hot tar on his body could be heard.

### Factories for Explosive Materials.

The recent explosion at the "cellonite works," in Arlington, N. J., furnished a new illustration of the danger of placing factories for the making of explosive materials in well abounding neighborhoods. The people of the place were deceived, it is true, by the assertions of the company that the product was not explosive; otherwise they would not have allowed the factory to be put up so near the dangerous spot. The result suggests that it might be well for the state to take the matter in hand, and not only to provide by law that no explosive shall be manufactured except in isolated buildings and with proper precautions, but also to appoint a state inspector, who shall ascertain whether the product of any factory is likely to be dangerous, and without whose certificate of probable safety no company could build near a village.—The Epoch.

### Ravages of Typhoid Fever.

LEESBURG, O., Oct. 18.—Typhoid fever prevails to an alarming extent in this vicinity. Five persons died Saturday in Fayette and Highland counties in the vicinity of this place from this disease, and it is becoming almost epidemic. Among the deaths that have occurred recently are John Smith, Louis Barrett, Cary Johnson and Mr. Roberta. A large number are still sick, and Mr. and Mrs. Taylor Evans being very low.

### Killed in a Falling Building.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Coroner Eldman has been notified that a building has collapsed at the corner of One Hundred and Fifteenth street and First avenue. Three ambulances are reported to have been sent for, and it is stated that five bodies have already been recovered from the ruins.

### Help for the Red River Road.

WINNIPEG, Man., Oct. 18.—Four prominent citizens of Winnipeg have offered the government to take \$100,000 treasury notes and guarantee the city council to take the other \$200,000 in aid of the Red River Valley railway. Foley Brothers, who have just completed the Duluth and Manitoba to Pembina, have offered the local government to complete the Red River line provided they furnished the rails, and have the road ready for operation by the time snow flies. The offer is more than likely to be accepted.

### Fire Raging in Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 18.—The extensive glass factory of Adams & Co., on the south side, is in flames and will probably be destroyed. The loss will reach \$100,000. The entire block bounded by Carson, Washington, Eighth and Ninth streets is reported on fire.

## DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

**ROSSER & McCARTHY,**  
Proprietors.

### RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

THE DAILY BULLETIN will be delivered to any part of the city at 6 cents a week, or one year for \$3.

THE DAILY BULLETIN to any postoffice in the United States, postage prepaid, at twenty-five cents per month or three dollars per year.

TUESDAY EVENING, OCT., 18, 1887

This election in Ohio will take place three weeks from to-day. With Sherman and Foraker fighting each other, the Democrats have a good show of doing up their opponents in fine style.

During the first session of the Fifty-fifth Congress, Dakota will likely knock more vigorously than ever for admission into the Union as a State. The probability is her knocking will be in vain.

ALTHOUGH the Prohibitionists were defeated in Tennessee, yet they polled about 100,000 votes, and are not at all disengaged over the outlook. They still demand a general local option law.

THE Minneapolis Tribune is being "snubbed" on every hand for the insulting remarks it made about Mrs. Cleveland. The hanging of its manager in effigy, and the other rebukes it has received have been none too severe.

GOVERNOR BUCKNER has been petitioned to pardon Private D. W. Patterson, who is serving a sentence in the Louisville jail for having deserted his company while the State Guards were on duty at Morehead during the last term of the Rowan Circuit Court.

LOUISVILLE has more than her share of important meetings this week. The Episcopal Congress and State Grand Lodges of Masons convene to-day, and the Jubilee Celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of the General Association of Kentucky Baptists will occur Thursday.

THE manager of the Louisiana State Lottery gave his daughter \$1,000,000 the other day as bridal present. The thousands of poor people who contribute their dollars to this lottery scheme every month need not wonder that its manager is able to bestow such costly gifts.

ONE evidence of the change that is taking place in Southeastern Kentucky may be seen in the fact that Pineville, Bell County, has appropriated \$25,000 for a new court house. The Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company will complete its extension to that place in a few weeks.

THE statement is made now that the four piers for Huntington's bridge across the Ohio at Cincinnati will be completed by the middle of December. The stone is about all ready and is being rapidly placed in position. It looks like the bridge will be finished by the time the Maysville and Big Sandy Railroad is in thorough running order.

SOME Northern Republican newspapers seek to make party capital out of the prevalence of crime in Kentucky, alleging that it is due to the fact of the Democracy being in power in the State. This is vicious often, says an exchange, "and certainly always immoral, because false and discouraging. The counties in this State which furnish the largest percentage of pauperism and crime are Republicans in politics. This is proven by crime statistics and by official voting returns. Yet it would be folly to charge it to Republicanism. It is due to the character of the population, and to sin in the hearts of unregenerated men."

### Stock and Crops.

Thirty-one car-loads of stock were shipped from Danville the first week of this month.

Sweden exports something like \$4,000,000 worth of butter annually. The Government has dairy schools where people are taught to make butter.

D. C. Terhune, of Boyle County, has bought in the eight adjoining counties in the last five weeks \$1 yearling mules and 232 mule colts. Prices paid for the yearlings ranged from \$55 to \$87.50, and for the colts from \$35 to \$92.50.

The Charleston News and Courier contains the following concerning rag weed for hay: "The first and hardest thing to do is to convince the farmers of this country that a weed heretofore regarded as worthless as food for animals is worth cutting and curing for hay. I will pledge what little reputation I may have for common sense as a guarantee that a person who gives these weeds a proper trial will not let them again go to waste on his place while he buys hay to feed to his stock. For at least ten years we have used them as hay, and think more of them each year. We were surprised, at first, to find that all kinds of stock ate them with avidity, and doubted whether they were worth eating; but now we regard them equal in feeding value to any fodder or hay that we use, and such is the opinion of those who have cut and cured them properly."

### POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Topics of the Times Given in a Tense and Spicy Manner.

Burned barns amounting to \$5,000 in Zanesville.

Ramapo, N. Y., is alarmed over a plague of diphtheria.

Green Bay, Mich., has an epidemic of typhoid fever.

Typhoid fever is epidemic around Washington C. H., O.

Findlay will have the shops of the N. Y., & W. railroad.

Parisian police had a lively time breaking up an Anarchist meeting.

The New York Graphic has been purchased by a Republican syndicate.

The J. C. Baird & Co. bank at St. Charles, Ill., was robbed of \$10,000 Sunday.

All miners at Shamokin, Pa., not understanding English will be discharged.

A Georgia legislator has been arrested for using another member's railroad pass.

Jesse Lee Hall, an Indian agent, is said to be a defaulter to the extent of \$25,000.

Meissner Smith killed two robbers instead of one near El Paso Friday night.

The National League held a big meeting at Woodford Sunday, baffling the police.

Charles Blue, of Warsaw, Ind., got so very blue that he put a bullet through his head.

Charles McCrea, prominent Terre Haute, Ind., railroad man, was found murdered in a box car.

There were three new cases and two deaths from the yellow jack at Tampa, Fla., Saturday.

Joseph Schlemmer, the Jersey City wife murderer, has been sentenced to hang December 14.

Geronimo, the Apache chief, has been indicted for murder by a Tucson (Arizona) grand jury.

Ah Gung, a heathen Chinese, has been caged in Chicago for murdering a woman at Alta, Col.

Annual meeting of the National Carriage Builders' association convenes in Washington Tuesday.

Robert Giles was hanged at Dallas, Tex., for the murder of Albert Williams. Both were colored.

John Barrett, aged sixteen, was shot and killed in New York while defending his sisters from an Italian.

Mrs. Govonetie, of Evansville, stole from Miss Alice Lewis and was arrested. Mr. Govonetie then shot Mrs. Lewis dead.

In a Mexican-negro riot near Riverside, Tex., one greaser was killed and several persons were injured on either side.

The New York Civil Service association inquires Commissioner Oberly's letter to the Illinois Democrats in Washington.

Eighteen Chinese laundrymen have sailed from New York for home with fortunes, making 160 who have left so far this fall.

Twenty \$1,400 clerks in the New York custom house must walk the plank for failing to pass a civil service examination.

Forty persons, many of whom were prominent officials, have been arrested in Barcelona for defrauding the postal department.

That draft which John Simon, treasurer of Darke county, O., made for his own benefit on the public funds has blown him into jail.

The secretary of state of Canada says that a commercial union with the United States is impossible, and not generally desired by Canadians.

A west bound passenger train on the Santa Fe road struck a construction train near Strong City, injuring two men and demolishing several cars.

Two students at the Chattanooga Normal school fought, and one of them named Aldrich was stabbed and killed by the other, whose name is Hawkins.

Some fly duck has been swindling St. Louis, Cincinnati and Chicago banks by presenting checks signed by James Gordon Bennett or H. Roswell Smith.

Mike Kelly, the \$10,000 ball player, will act as interlocutor for McNish, Johnson & Slavin, the minstrels, from January until the base ball season opens in the spring.

Elmer Spitzer, of Findlay, went to the room of Edward Sipes to prepare for a funeral. He fooled with a revolver, and now Sipes's funeral comes next on the list of his engagements.

David Burnett and Widow Cox, of Chillicothe, met, loved and wedded. Time, three hours. Bill for coal and gas, nothing. New style in matrimony enthusiastically indorsed by fathers of large families.

A station agent and a daughter of Foster, the millionaire lumberman of Michigan, were married in fun at Fairchild, Wis., but it developed that the marriage was legal, and a great sensation is the result.

John Dodeen, Indianapolis joker, went into a saloon, called for a drink, and swallowed a white powder with a suicidal look. The terrified crowd bundled him into an ambulance, and the hospital doctor pumped all the funny out of him before he had time to explain that the powder was flour.

A Monte Carlo Sensation.

I remember that during one of my visits, when the weather was exceptionally hot, a cab horse, after cantering up the hill of Monte Carlo, fell in a fit at the Casino door. It was necessary to kill the horse, and when the carriage had been removed some blood remained on the gravel. A few moments later a French newspaper correspondent came up, and perceiving the blood, immediately concluded that somebody must have committed suicide.

The horror of the imaginative journalist was considerably intensified by the approach of a director of the Casino, who with greatest unconcern, walked on the blood stained sand, and unmoved entered the gaming room.

A few hours later the press of most of the capitals of Europe re-echoed with the heartrending story of the young man who having lost in a few hours at roulette the entire fortune his father had taken a lifetime to accumulate, bled his brains out at the very doors of the Casino. But the directors, unmoved by the ruin they occasioned, actually trod in their victim's blood. Their consciences were so hardened by perpetual crime they had not even the decency to remove the blood with which their boots were bespattered. —Memphis Avalanche.

Pretty Telegraph Operators.

In their efforts to outwit each other, the New York hotels are struggling to surpass in the beauty of their telegraph operators. Men and boys used to look after things in these offices, but girls took their places. When there are so many offices together a young man is likely to go where there is the prettiest girl to take the message.—The Argonaut

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Office, 44 Murray Street, New York.

### ABERDEEN CLIPPINGS.

Born, to the wife of Henry Dameron, a boy baby.

Captain Linton has returned from West Union.

They say fish will fatten a man. Ask Squire about it.

Lots of Aberdeen folks attended the Germantown fair Saturday.

Henry Richards and family, of Florida, are the guests of Hon. Jess Ellis.

Mrs. Robert Carr and children are visiting her sister, Mrs. A. T. Howell.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Sutton paid Manchester a visit last week.

Miss Lizzie Rowland returned home last week to Greenville, O., accompanied by her sister, Miss Josie Davis, who goes to spend the winter.

Regular meeting of Power Campbell Camp, Sons of Veterans, to-night. A full attendance requested. Muster of recruits. Mayaville brothers invited.

Found, last week, near Squire Beasley's residence, a boy's coat. Owner can have same by calling on S. J. Endslaw, at Ohio Valley Mills, and proving property.

This week's arrival to date at the Mineral Well House shown up: Rob Edington and Valentine Stinger, Clayton, O.; H. M. Gardner, C. Best and E. A. Beyersdorfer, Ripley, O.; Sam Plekerel, County Commissioner; D. Griswold & Son, Ellis Run, O.

Program for 7th O. N. I. reunion, to be held at Aberdeen, Thursday and Friday, October the 20th and 21st—exercises at the Baptist church:

THURSDAY AFTERNOON.

Prayer by Rev. G. M. Fulton.

Music.

Address of Welcome by Mayor Carr.

Address by President of the Association.

Music.

Annual Address by H. DeBruin.

Adjournment to headquarters for business.

THURSDAY EVENING.

7:30 p. m.—Camp fire.

Representation of old colors by Color-Bearer.

Five minute speeches by comrades.

Music.

Applause.

Second Day's PROCEEDINGS.

8:30 a. m.—Business meeting at headquarters.

11:30 a. m.—Address by Captain Nelson.

General speeches.

Music.

Dinner.

1:00 p. m.—Parade.

Memorial services.

A hearty hand shake and closing exercises.

### To Ladies

suffering from functional derangements or any of the painful disorders or weaknesses incident to their sex, Dr. Pierce's treatise, illustrated with wood-cuts and colored plates (160 pages), suggests sure means of complete self-cure. Sent for ten cents in stamps. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

A Mason County "Boy" Heard From.

PLEASANT VALLEY, NICHOLAS COUNTY, W. Va.

*Friend Bulletin:* I don't think you ever hear anything from this part of the country. I am alive and "thriving" through mercy. I left your county near three years ago and "pitched my tent" at this place and went to farming. I had not done anything at the business for about thirty years and it naturally came a little awkward to me, but I remembered the old saying that patience and perseverance would (in time) win. I buckled on my armor, put on my boots and went forth to meet whatever good or bad there was in store for me. I have now raised three crops and have been improving the farm every year since I have been on it, until I have about as convenient a farm now as any of my neighbors; and I would not be ashamed for even an editor to "drop in on me." I belonged to the fraternity once myself and can truly sympathize with them.

Our crops the past year were tolerably fair. Corn about half crop, wheat about the same, tobacco about same. Meadows good, oats first-rate; gardens tolerably fair, potatoes about half, clover meadow first-rate.

A good deal of wheat has been sown this fall; also about the usual acreage of rye. We have had some rains in the last few weeks but are needing rain now for the grass and small grain.

Elmer Spitzer, of Findlay, went to the room of Edward Sipes to prepare for a funeral. He fooled with a revolver, and now Sipes's funeral comes next on the list of his engagements.

David Burnett and Widow Cox, of Chillicothe, met, loved and wedded. Time, three hours.

Bill for coal and gas, nothing. New style in matrimony enthusiastically indorsed by fathers of large families.

A station agent and a daughter of Foster, the millionaire lumberman of Michigan, were married in fun at Fairchild, Wis., but it developed that the marriage was legal, and a great sensation is the result.

John Dodeen, Indianapolis joker, went into a saloon, called for a drink, and swallowed a white powder with a suicidal look. The terrified crowd bundled him into an ambulance, and the hospital doctor pumped all the funny out of him before he had time to explain that the powder was flour.

A Monte Carlo Sensation.

I remember that during one of my visits, when the weather was exceptionally hot, a cab horse, after cantering up the hill of Monte Carlo, fell in a fit at the Casino door. It was necessary to kill the horse, and when the carriage had been removed some blood remained on the gravel. A few moments later a French newspaper correspondent came up, and perceiving the blood, immediately concluded that somebody must have committed suicide.

The horror of the imaginative journalist was considerably intensified by the approach of a director of the Casino, who with greatest unconcern, walked on the blood stained sand, and unmoved entered the gaming room.

A few hours later the press of most of the capitals of Europe re-echoed with the heartrending story of the young man who having lost in a few hours at roulette the entire fortune his father had taken a lifetime to accumulate, bled his brains out at the very doors of the Casino. But the directors, unmoved by the ruin they occasioned, actually trod in their victim's blood. Their consciences were so hardened by perpetual crime they had not even the decency to remove the blood with which their boots were bespattered. —Memphis Avalanche.

Pretty Telegraph Operators.

In their efforts to outwit each other, the New York hotels are struggling to surpass in the beauty of their telegraph operators. Men and boys used to look after things in these offices, but girls took their places. When there are so many offices together a young man is likely to go where there is the prettiest girl to take the message.—The Argonaut

</div

# THE FINEST IN THE LAND! W. H. MEANS' \$3.00 SHOES, AT HONAN'S; TRY A PAIR.

## DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

**ROSSER & McCARTHY,**  
Proprietors.

TUESDAY EVENING, OCT. 18 1887.

INDICATIONS—"For Ohio, Kentucky and West Virginia: Colder, fair weather."

INSURE your tobacco with Jno. Duly, Agent.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER, 5 and 10-cent boxes, at Calhoun's.

DR. W. S. MOORES has returned home and can be found at his dental rooms.

REV. FRED. D. HALE is engaged in a protracted meeting at Nashville, Tenn.

A FORCE of hands are engaged ballasting the track of the new railroad through the Fifth ward.

MRS. ANN COBURN, of this city, mother of Mrs. John H. Richeson, is ninety-two years old to-day.

ALLAN D. COLE, Master Commissioner, has conveyed to John King a house and lot on Grant street.

SISTER MARY BERKMAN, of the Visitation Academy, has been quite ill for some time, but is improving.

THE BULLETIN is indebted to Messrs. Julius Simon and E. M. Hendrixson for late Kansas City papers.

JOHN C. MORRISON left yesterday for Paris, where his marriage to Miss Butler will take place to-morrow.

Miss Jeanie Fraze returned yesterday to Lexington, where she is attending Hamilton Female College.

BARGAINS in dry goods can always be had at the "Bee Hive." You are referred to their advertisement.

L. G. STRODE, of Lewisburg, is filling the position of book-keeper at W. B. Clark's grocery on East Third street.

THE McNUTT Brothers, who live near Moransburg, will have their new grist mill completed within the next week or so.

MRS. J. SPEED SMITH, mother of General Green Clay Smith, died recently at Richmond, Ky., at the age of ninety years.

S. B. OLDHAM has a force of hands engaged building a sewer to drain the pond on the south side of the Second street extension.

J. J. HOLLIDAY has sold to M. C. Hutcheson a house and lot on the north side of the "dirt road" in Chester, for \$800 cash.

CAPTAIN MACE AGNEW will go South to-day with the steamer Lancaster, to place her in a trade at Natchez for the winter season.

THE Hattie Brown has succeeded in raising the barge containing 8,000 bushels of coal, which was sunk last week near Augusta.

Just received at Riffe & Taylor's, a tremendous line of toilet and holiday goods. Ladies, see them. Gents, smoke the "Winner" cigar.

THE little steamer, Katie Prather, continues to make her regular Sunday trip to Cincinnati. She left that place last evening for Manchester.

SMOKE the best—"First Class" and "Cora Van Tassel," two of the finest brands of cigars ever offered in this or any other city for 5 cents. 1887

R. W. EVANS, the contractor who is sinking the natural gas well in the East End, was in town this morning to see how the work is progressing.

THE many friends of Mother Agnes, Mother Superior of the Visitation Academy of this city, will learn with sincere regret that she is dangerously ill.

Our Germantown fair reporter returns special thanks to Secretary J. A. Walton and his polite assistant, Marshall Keene, for many favors during the past week.

MRS. HANNAH M. MULLINS has sold and conveyed to Margaret Hunt a lot fifty feet wide and extending from Second to Third street in the West End, for \$270.

JAMES A. HENSON, who was adjudged a fugitive in the Circuit Court last Friday, was taken to the asylum at Lexington on the noon train yesterday by Sheriff Perrine.

REMEMBER that the ladies of the Episcopal Guild will give an oyster supper to-morrow evening in the room adjoining Shackleford's drug store, in the Cox Building.

REGULAR meeting of DeKalb Lodge No. 12, I. O. O. F., to-night. Work in the Initiatory Degree. All members of the order are invited. The Degree Team are requested to be present.

HENRY SCHWARTZ and Miss Jennie Conroy were married in St. Patrick's Church this morning, Father Kolb officiating. The bride is a resident of Chester, the groom a farmer of this county.

### Circuit Court Proceedings.

The grand jury reported the following indictments:

Ella Marion, false swearing.

Lucy Payne, false swearing.

Thille Barkley, false swearing.

Annie Warner and Emma Berry, resisting an officer.

W. T. Highland, wilfully and maliciously shooting at and wounding another with intent to kill.

Harrison Vance, Robert Laughorne, James Clemens, Joe White, Thornton Allen, James Fields, Robert Garrison, William Jackson, Burt Jordan, James Payne, Jr., William Whaley, Dennis Barnes and Thomas Rigg, unlawfully and feloniously confederating and banding themselves together, for the purpose of intimidating and alarming others and committing a felony.

W. T. Highland, carrying concealed a deadly weapon.

Robert Wilson, feloniously stealing from wharfboat.

In the three first cases bench warrants were ordered, allowing bail in the sum of \$500. W. T. Highland's bond was fixed at \$300. He is charged with shooting George Flora during the Young Men's fair in August. The trouble occurred near the County Infirmary. Flora recovered. In the case against Harrison Vance and others the bond was placed at \$500. They are the negroes charged with riotous conduct at Washington on election day last August. Robert Wilson was allowed bail in the sum of \$250, and the rest in the sum of \$100.

The grand jury filed the following report and was discharged.

To the Honorable A. E. Cole, Judge of the Mason Circuit Court—We the grand jury empaneled for this term respectfully report that we have been in session four days, during which time we have found several indictments, and enquired into a number of cases that we could not get evidence enough to justify indictments being brought.

We have visited the jail and the Circuit and County Clerk's offices and found them all in first-class condition and well taken care of.

The grand jury in closing their labors desire to express their thanks and appreciation of the courteous treatment received from your Honorable self and all of the various officers of your court.

THOMAS J. CHENOWORTH, Foreman.

Clarence L. Sallee was appointed to act in the place of Commonwealth's Attorney James H. Sallee during the latter's absence at Louisville.

The trial of Harrison Vance and others was set for Thursday.

BROWNING & CO. offer some fresh bargains in dry goods and cloaks. Full particulars can be found in their advertisement.

JUDGE MORTON has adjourned the special term of Rowan Circuit Court until the 31st of this month on account of the unavoidable absence of Commonwealth's Attorney Sallee.

Mrs. ANNA M. BRITTON, wife of William Britton, Sr., died Sunday afternoon at her home on West Second street. She had been ill about two weeks with fever. The remains were interred in the cemetery this morning at 10 o'clock.

A COMPANY is being organized at Frankfort to establish a tobacco factory. The men backing the enterprise believe there is money to be made out of such an enterprise. No city will lose anything by giving encouragement to such industries.

THE Bracken Chronicle reports some delay in the work on the railroad bridge above that point. The hands quit Friday, having got tired waiting for their pay. The contractors are not at fault, as they had not received their pay from headquarters.

THAT happy smile on County Clerk W. W. Ball's countenance is easily accounted for. He has been entertaining a young Deputy Clerk at his home since Sunday morning. The mother and son are doing well, and the proud father will eventually recover from the hand-shaking he is receiving from his friends.

ROBERT Ross, the negro who shot and wounded Henry Schlitz and young Archdeacon during the spring of 1886, died last night at the home of one of his friends on Grant street, of typhoid fever. He was released from the penitentiary about three weeks ago, having served his term of one year for the offense alluded to above.

NEAR an old fort on Kennesaw mountain, Ga., are several Confederate graves. The Kennesaw Gazette says that on one of them the following inscription still plainly appears in red-printed letters on a head board:

GEO. DISNEY,  
Co. K., 2d Regt. Kentucky Infantry, C. S. A.  
KILLED AT ROCKY FACE,  
May 9, 1864.

This item is published with the hope that it may reveal Disney's resting place to his friends.

THE Stanford Interior Journal says M. F. Hulet has a section of a tree cut from the Missionary Ridge battle ground, with a Rodman shell buried nearly its whole length in it. It has been more than twenty-three years since the battle, but the tree was living up 'till recently, and growing with the unexploded shell securely imbedded in it. It cost Mr. Hulet and his friends about \$20, and it is their intention to present it to their Colonel, J. S. Casement, of Painesville, Ohio, after fixing it up as a useful article of furniture.

THE Louisville Courier-Journal says:

"One of the most important railroads

now being built in Kentucky belongs to the Chesapeake and Ohio system.

It runs along the Ohio river from Ashland to Covington, opposite Cincinnati, and promises to be one of the most important tributaries to the great Huntington system.

A good deal of the track has already been laid, and construction trains are daily distributing material along the various sections of the road.

The new line will probably be in full operation by February 1st, and will considerably shorten the line between Richmond and Cincinnati, and the Northwest territory.

It will be much more easily accessible than by the present route, via Winchester."

THOMAS LASHBROOKE, of the Lewisburg precinct, lost a horse last Sunday that was valued at \$250. The animal broke one of its legs and had to be killed.

MR. AND MRS. L. D. GORDON and family arrived yesterday from Flemingsburg, and will spend a few days in this county with relatives. They will leave here next Thursday for their new home in Kansas.

At Hillsboro, Ky., Saturday morning, Mrs. Nancy Hedges, a widow, aged forty-five, dropped dead. She had been in perfect health, and had raised her hand to frighten away a dog, when she instantly expired.

GARRETT DONOVAN, of Minerva precinct, sold to Thomas Lashbrooke, of the Lewisburg neighborhood, the three fine Cotswold sheep that received first premium at the Germantown fair last week. The price paid was \$30.

THE gas well at Bellevue, Ky., has been abandoned at a depth of 450 feet. R. W. Evans, the contractor, is reported as saying he is convinced that natural gas cannot be found in paying quantities in the vicinity of Cincinnati.

THE little steamer Humming Bird, which Captain Brown ran between this city and Augusta a few years ago, is plying between Greenville, Miss., and Arkansas City, on the Mississippi. Captain C. M. Chambers is the owner.

THESE is talk of securing Dr. Steele, a noted divine of Louisville, to assist in a protracted meeting in the M. E. Church, South, at an early day. At the quarterly conference last Sunday, the matter was left to the pastor, Rev. D. A. Beardley.

COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEY JAMES H. SALLEE left yesterday for Louisville to attend the annual meeting of the Masonic Grand Lodges of the State. He was accompanied by A. H. Parker, of Vanceburg, and Mr. and Mrs. Squire Martin, of Fern Leaf.

'SQUIRE MASSIE BEASLEY, of Aberdeen, officiated at a double wedding last Saturday night. The contracting couple were James S. Trne, of Dover, and Miss Gaither, of Lewisburg, and Reuben Gaither and Miss Mollie Duland, the latter parties both hailing from Lewisburg.

"IS THERE no balm in Gilead?"

Is there no physician there?"

Thanks to Dr. Pierce, there is a balm in his "Golden Medical Discovery"—a "balm for every wound" to health, from colds, coughs, consumption, bronchitis, and all chronic, blood, lung and liver affections. Of druggists.

THE negro George Burns, who killed

John Robinson at Sharpsburg last week,

had been jailed at Owingsville to await

trial. According to his own statements

he is a "tough" citizen, and has served

two terms of several years each in south-

ern penitentiaries. The chances are that

he will "stretch hemp" for his last crime.

WILLIAM GILLESPIE, of Chester, had

the misfortune yesterday morning to run

a thorn in his left leg, a short distance

above the knee-cap, to the depth of

about an inch. He was unable to re-

move it, but went about his duties as

usual through the day. Last night, how-

ever, the pain increased, and the ser-

vices of a physician, Dr. Smoot, were re-

quired to prevent a case of locked-jaw.

MISS VAN TASSEL, when last here,

granted Daulton & Roden, cigar manu-

facturers, the right to use her name and

photograph in connection with their busi-

ness, the firm guaranteeing to use them

only on a fine cigar, strictly pure and free

from all artificial flavor. Both members

of the firm are skilled cigar-makers, and

we have every reason to believe they will

turn out nothing but the finest of work.

A LADY living at Portsmouth was

awarded a premium of \$2 at the late fair

at Falmouth. In due time she received

a check for the money. The check was

cashed by a friend, who then forwarded

it to Falmouth for payment. A short

time afterward the check came back pro-

tested, with a protest fee of \$2.07, making

\$4.07 the party was loser. The Lexing-

ton Press says several parties of that city

were treated in the same outrageous man-

ner. The officers of the fair association

are being severely denounced for such

conduct, and they deserve all the censure

they have received.

THE Louisville Courier-Journal says:

"One of the most important railroads

now being built in Kentucky belongs to

the Chesapeake and Ohio system.

It runs along the Ohio river from Ash-

land to Covington, opposite Cincinnati, and

promises to be one of the most important

tributaries to the great Huntington sys-

tem. A good deal of the track has al-

ready been laid, and construction trains

## WAR AMONG THE KNIGHTS

MR. T. B. BARRY MAKES HIMSELF HEARD IN THE CONVENTION.

He Makes Some Very Serious Charges Against Several Delegates, and States Why He Was Deposed from the Executive Board—Drawing to a Close.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Oct. 18.—Mr. T. B. Barry, of Michigan, started a ball rolling

Saturday at the general Knights of Labor assembly at Minneapolis by stating that the reason he was to be deposed from the executive board was because he was opposed to boodleism and the financial management which had so long pervaded the board.

He charged that Secretary Litchman had discharged clerks without cause, and that the telegraph operator was kept because she had given assistance during a strike, but she was not a member of the order.

He said Hayes, of the board, had gone about calling him an Anarchist, and Hayes reiterated his statement, after which the air was blue. Barry then said that in spite of the falling off in membership the expenses of the board had increased.

The most serious charges by Barry were against Hayes, who he claimed had gone into Maine with \$10,000 to defeat Congressman Reed, which Hayes admitted. Morrison's defeat, it was declared, was due to the plan laid by Brother T. B. McGuire. Not a word in reference to these facts was mentioned in the general master workman's report, and not a dollar is credited to "political expenses" in the financial report. A verbal report before the executive committee showed that the "enemies of labor," against whom pressure was to bear, were Carlisle, Morrison, Reed and Randall.

McGuire, it was stated, went west under the name of Tom Brown, and while it was announced he was attending to trouble among St. Louis brewers he was planning and came very near defeating Morrison in the primaries in Chicago. In Maine Hayes pursued the same tactic under the name of Abbott. Thobe's cause was engineered by William R. Fox, of Covington, formerly M. W. of No. 48. Pains were taken in each district to secretly organize the knights, telling them the fight was not a political one, but was against the friends of monopoly. The situation following upon these disclosures is extremely critical.

The resignation of Mr. Powderly is not conceded, but in case he does present a resolution he will be immediately re-elected.

There will be two reports from the committee, and the administration will oppose the reinstatement. The assembly will probably adjourn sine die on Wednesday evening or Thursday noon. The report that the anti-administration delegates intended to hold a conference in the near future in the event of their defeat, has caused considerable comment. The friends of Powderly scouted the idea as absurd, and contended that not one of the delegates could carry a single local into secession movement. The other side declared that its plan had been prematurely disclosed, but would say nothing more.

When the roll was called at the opening of to-day's session of the Knights of Labor assembly fully a score of delegates who were in their seats Saturday failed to respond. Among them were Shaw and Heep, of St. Louis, and James E. Quinn, of the famous District Assembly 49, of New York, whose special act in the assembly has been the subversion of the resolution in behalf of the condemned Anarchists. The mileage committee reported that the bulk of the absenteers had made tracks for home, and as, with a few exceptions, they belonged to the anti-Powderly wing, the supporters of the administration smiled and chuckled.

After the routine business had been gotten out of the way and Chairman Powderly had made a plea for moderation and an avoidance of excitement and passion, the consideration of the report of the committee on laws, recommending that two members of the general executive board be dropped, and that the general master workman be endowed with the appointing power of his cabinet, was resumed.

Delegate Carlton was the first to secure the floor and made an elaborate defense of the administration of the board during the past year. He was frequently interrupted with questions, and it was evident almost from the start that the day's proceedings would be fully as stormy as those of Saturday. The supporters of the administration, however, are willing to give full rope to the opposite factions as they know very well that when the vote is finally passed they will have a majority large enough for all purposes. Nevertheless they are busily engaged in decrying the murmurs of a possible secession. Barry, they say, has less than a thousand men in his district, while they contend that Baily, who represents some sixteen thousand miners, could not induce more than one-fourth of the number to withdraw.

They say further, that not more than fifteen delegates could be induced to follow Bailey and Barry should they withdraw from the convention, but the leaders of the "anti," while not saying much about a walkout, insist that they have thirty pledges of support from delegates who are disgusted with the present course of affairs.

After Carlton had concluded W. H. Bailey took the floor and held it for the remainder of the morning session. His speech lacked bitterness, but was one of the most telling and effective of the debate. He reiterated the charges of mismanagement and of maladministration that had been made by Barry, and previous speakers, and preferred additional ones. The falling off in the membership, he said, the year he claimed was but a drop in the bucket compared with what would happen in the next twelve months. The present management was con-

tinuing especially severe upon

Powderly and Litchman, and declared that the maladministration of the one and the dictatorial conduct of the other had turned the executive board into a hornet's nest, and that an honest man who did not choose to be a figurehead no longer any place in that body. The pork packers' strike, the troubles in District Assembly 126, the illegal disbursement and the conduct of the business at executive headquarters were gone over in detail, and the assembly was asked in the name of the good of the order and its future preservation to insist upon a change of systems and practices and of men.

A. M. Hamblin has arrived here from O'Brien county, Iowa, where the recent evictions have occurred, with the expectation of laying the matter before the assembly of the knights. He is president of the Settlers' association. He says: "It is a terrible state of affairs. Not half has been told. Families are living on the roads in the tents made of sheets and quilts. It is worse than it is in Ireland. The evictions have been from 50,000 acres of land. There are 116 families evicted, and I now understand that there are seventy-four more. After taking people's houses, barns, etc., they take the growing crops. When settlers have taken off the crops they have been sued. The evictors have asked exemplary damages awarded by the court for having the mudacity to take their crops. I have seen them take a woman, in a very delicate condition, and put her out on the unprotected prairie. The unfortunate people hired an attorney who sold them out. No records are made of their English syndicate sales."

Powderly will make the closing speech, and will challenge a vote upon the proposed change in the constitution as an issue of confidence in himself and what he calls "his loyal contingent of associates."

McGarrigle still in Canada. BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 18.—The schooner Blake, which assisted M. G. McGuire, the Chicago swindler, to escape from Chicago, is still hiding from the American authorities, and her owner, Mr. St. John, has kept her tied up at St. Catharines ever since the affair. McGuigle is living at Jordan Station on the Grand Trunk road, with a family named Crow. He has his family with him, and has never been out of that vicinity since he escaped. Stories that he was in Europe or Australia are entirely imaginary.

The Weather. WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—Indications—Cooler, fair weather, light to fresh west-  
erly winds.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE. Quotations of the Money, Stock, Produce and Cattle Markets for Oct. 17.

NEW YORK—Money 4½ percent. Exchange quiet. Government steady.

Currencies, 12½ bid; four coupons, 125½; four-and-a-halfs, 105 bid.

The stock market opened feverish and irregular, and on continuing free selling by the bear party the list became weak and declined 4½ to 2 per cent. This was followed by a steady tone for some time past with good support showing by the Vanderbilt people for their securities. This, with covering by traders, caused a very firm tone, and the declines of the early dealings were recovered and prices showed an advance of ½ to 1 per cent. above opening figures.

BUR. QUINCY...10 Mich. Central....89½  
Canadian Pacific...5½ Missouri Pacific...50½  
Canadian South...32½ N. Y. Central...104½  
Central Pacific...10½ N. W. Northwestern...107½  
C. & C. & L...50½ North Pacific...20½  
Del. & Hudson...9½ Ohio & Miss. 10½  
Del. & W. 12½ Ohio & Miss. 10½  
Denver & Rio G...22½ Pacific Mail...35½  
Erie seconds...25½ Reading...60½  
Illinois Central...116 Rock Island...113½  
Illinois Central...72½ St. Paul...71½  
Kansas & Texas...21½ do preferred...116  
Lake Shore...10½ Union Pacific...45  
Louisville & Nash 83½ Western Union...74½

CINCINNATI:  
FLOUR—Fancy, \$8.50 to \$10; family, \$3.100  
WHEAT—No. 3 red, 70 to 72c; No. 2, 73 to 74c.  
CORN—No. 3 mixed, 41½c; No. 2 mixed, 44c.  
OATS—No. 3 mixed, 27 to 27½c; No. 2 mixed,  
28½c; No. 3 white, 30½c.

POKE—Family, \$11.75 to \$14.00, regular, \$14.00  
LARD—Kettle, 67 to 75c.  
BACON—Short, clear sides, 85 to 88c.  
CHEESE—Prime to choicer Ohio, 11½ to 12c.  
New York, 12 to 12½c.

POULTRY—Common chickens, \$2.25 to \$2.35 per dozen; fair to prime, \$2.50 to \$2.75; onchoc, \$2.75 to \$3.

HOGS—No. 1 timothy, \$18.50 to \$14.00; No. 2, \$12.00 to \$12.50; mixed, \$10.00 to \$11.00; prairie, \$8.00 to \$9.00; bacon, \$10.00 to \$11.00; rye straw, \$7.00 to \$7.50.

CATTLE—Common to fair, \$2.25 to \$3.00; fair to choice, \$3.50 to \$4.25; common to fair lambs, \$1.50 to \$2.25; good to choice, \$1.40 to \$3.00.

BOSTON WOOL MARKET:  
Wool—Unwashed medium clothing, 23½  
24c; fine merino, 17½ to 18c; common, 16 to 18c; fleece-washed medium clothing, 23½ to 24c; fine merino X and XX, 26 to 27c; burr and cotts, 16 to 22c; tub-washed, 30 to 32c.

HOGS—Select butchers', \$4.50 to \$4.75; fair to good packing, \$4.00 to \$4.25; fair to good light, \$4.20 to \$4.50; common, \$3.50 to \$4.15; onchoc, \$3.75 to \$4.25.

HONEY—Select butchers', \$4.50 to \$4.75; fair to good packing, \$4.00 to \$4.25; fair to good light, \$4.20 to \$4.50; common, \$3.50 to \$4.15; onchoc, \$3.75 to \$4.25.

CHEESE—Common to fair, \$1.50 to \$2.25; good to choice, \$2.00 to \$2.50; common to fair lambs, \$1.50 to \$2.25; good to choice, \$1.40 to \$3.00.

BOSTON WOOL MARKET:  
Wool—Unwashed medium clothing, 23½  
24c; fine merino, 17½ to 18c; common, 16 to 18c; fleece-washed medium clothing, 23½ to 24c; fine merino X and XX, 26 to 27c; burr and cotts, 16 to 22c; tub-washed, 30 to 32c.

HOGS—Select butchers', \$4.50 to \$4.75; fair to good packing, \$4.00 to \$4.25; fair to good light, \$4.20 to \$4.50; common, \$3.50 to \$4.15; onchoc, \$3.75 to \$4.25.

HONEY—Select butchers', \$4.50 to \$4.75; fair to good packing, \$4.00 to \$4.25; fair to good light, \$4.20 to \$4.50; common, \$3.50 to \$4.15; onchoc, \$3.75 to \$4.25.

CHEESE—Common to fair, \$1.50 to \$2.25; good to choice, \$2.00 to \$2.50; common to fair lambs, \$1.50 to \$2.25; good to choice, \$1.40 to \$3.00.

BOSTON WOOL MARKET:  
Wool—Unwashed medium clothing, 23½  
24c; fine merino, 17½ to 18c; common, 16 to 18c; fleece-washed medium clothing, 23½ to 24c; fine merino X and XX, 26 to 27c; burr and cotts, 16 to 22c; tub-washed, 30 to 32c.

HOGS—Select butchers', \$4.50 to \$4.75; fair to good packing, \$4.00 to \$4.25; fair to good light, \$4.20 to \$4.50; common, \$3.50 to \$4.15; onchoc, \$3.75 to \$4.25.

HONEY—Select butchers', \$4.50 to \$4.75; fair to good packing, \$4.00 to \$4.25; fair to good light, \$4.20 to \$4.50; common, \$3.50 to \$4.15; onchoc, \$3.75 to \$4.25.

CHEESE—Common to fair, \$1.50 to \$2.25; good to choice, \$2.00 to \$2.50; common to fair lambs, \$1.50 to \$2.25; good to choice, \$1.40 to \$3.00.

BOSTON WOOL MARKET:  
Wool—Unwashed medium clothing, 23½  
24c; fine merino, 17½ to 18c; common, 16 to 18c; fleece-washed medium clothing, 23½ to 24c; fine merino X and XX, 26 to 27c; burr and cotts, 16 to 22c; tub-washed, 30 to 32c.

HOGS—Select butchers', \$4.50 to \$4.75; fair to good packing, \$4.00 to \$4.25; fair to good light, \$4.20 to \$4.50; common, \$3.50 to \$4.15; onchoc, \$3.75 to \$4.25.

HONEY—Select butchers', \$4.50 to \$4.75; fair to good packing, \$4.00 to \$4.25; fair to good light, \$4.20 to \$4.50; common, \$3.50 to \$4.15; onchoc, \$3.75 to \$4.25.

CHEESE—Common to fair, \$1.50 to \$2.25; good to choice, \$2.00 to \$2.50; common to fair lambs, \$1.50 to \$2.25; good to choice, \$1.40 to \$3.00.

BOSTON WOOL MARKET:  
Wool—Unwashed medium clothing, 23½  
24c; fine merino, 17½ to 18c; common, 16 to 18c; fleece-washed medium clothing, 23½ to 24c; fine merino X and XX, 26 to 27c; burr and cotts, 16 to 22c; tub-washed, 30 to 32c.

HOGS—Select butchers', \$4.50 to \$4.75; fair to good packing, \$4.00 to \$4.25; fair to good light, \$4.20 to \$4.50; common, \$3.50 to \$4.15; onchoc, \$3.75 to \$4.25.

HONEY—Select butchers', \$4.50 to \$4.75; fair to good packing, \$4.00 to \$4.25; fair to good light, \$4.20 to \$4.50; common, \$3.50 to \$4.15; onchoc, \$3.75 to \$4.25.

CHEESE—Common to fair, \$1.50 to \$2.25; good to choice, \$2.00 to \$2.50; common to fair lambs, \$1.50 to \$2.25; good to choice, \$1.40 to \$3.00.

BOSTON WOOL MARKET:  
Wool—Unwashed medium clothing, 23½  
24c; fine merino, 17½ to 18c; common, 16 to 18c; fleece-washed medium clothing, 23½ to 24c; fine merino X and XX, 26 to 27c; burr and cotts, 16 to 22c; tub-washed, 30 to 32c.

HOGS—Select butchers', \$4.50 to \$4.75; fair to good packing, \$4.00 to \$4.25; fair to good light, \$4.20 to \$4.50; common, \$3.50 to \$4.15; onchoc, \$3.75 to \$4.25.

HONEY—Select butchers', \$4.50 to \$4.75; fair to good packing, \$4.00 to \$4.25; fair to good light, \$4.20 to \$4.50; common, \$3.50 to \$4.15; onchoc, \$3.75 to \$4.25.

CHEESE—Common to fair, \$1.50 to \$2.25; good to choice, \$2.00 to \$2.50; common to fair lambs, \$1.50 to \$2.25; good to choice, \$1.40 to \$3.00.

BOSTON WOOL MARKET:  
Wool—Unwashed medium clothing, 23½  
24c; fine merino, 17½ to 18c; common, 16 to 18c; fleece-washed medium clothing, 23½ to 24c; fine merino X and XX, 26 to 27c; burr and cotts, 16 to 22c; tub-washed, 30 to 32c.

HOGS—Select butchers', \$4.50 to \$4.75; fair to good packing, \$4.00 to \$4.25; fair to good light, \$4.20 to \$4.50; common, \$3.50 to \$4.15; onchoc, \$3.75 to \$4.25.

HONEY—Select butchers', \$4.50 to \$4.75; fair to good packing, \$4.00 to \$4.25; fair to good light, \$4.20 to \$4.50; common, \$3.50 to \$4.15; onchoc, \$3.75 to \$4.25.

CHEESE—Common to fair, \$1.50 to \$2.25; good to choice, \$2.00 to \$2.50; common to fair lambs, \$1.50 to \$2.25; good to choice, \$1.40 to \$3.00.

BOSTON WOOL MARKET:  
Wool—Unwashed medium clothing, 23½  
24c; fine merino, 17½ to 18c; common, 16 to 18c; fleece-washed medium clothing, 23½ to 24c; fine merino X and XX, 26 to 27c; burr and cotts, 16 to 22c; tub-washed, 30 to 32c.

HOGS—Select butchers', \$4.50 to \$4.75; fair to good packing, \$4.00 to \$4.25; fair to good light, \$4.20 to \$4.50; common, \$3.50 to \$4.15; onchoc, \$3.75 to \$4.25.

HONEY—Select butchers', \$4.50 to \$4.75; fair to good packing, \$4.00 to \$4.25; fair to good light, \$4.20 to \$4.50; common, \$3.50 to \$4.15; onchoc, \$3.75 to \$4.25.

CHEESE—Common to fair, \$1.50 to \$2.25; good to choice, \$2.00 to \$2.50; common to fair lambs, \$1.50 to \$2.25; good to choice, \$1.40 to \$3.00.

BOSTON WOOL MARKET:  
Wool—Unwashed medium clothing, 23½  
24c; fine merino, 17½ to 18c; common, 16 to 18c; fleece-washed medium clothing, 23½ to 24c; fine merino X and XX, 26 to 27c; burr and cotts, 16 to 22c; tub-washed, 30 to 32c.

HOGS—Select butchers', \$4.50 to \$4.75; fair to good packing, \$4.00 to \$4.25; fair to good light, \$4.20 to \$4.50; common, \$3.50 to \$4.15; onchoc, \$3.75 to \$4.25.

HONEY—Select butchers', \$4.50 to \$4.